PRICE TWO CENTS

WASHING TON, THURSDAY EVENING, MARCH 21, 1889.

A SMALL BATCH

FEW NOMINATIONS SENT TO THE

The Governor and Secretary of Washington Territory Named and a Lot of Postmasters Selected.The Senate Holds a Short Open Session

The President to-day sent to the Senate

Justice of the Supreme Court of Montana. John G. Fleming of Colorado, to be United States Attorney for the District of

Miles C. Moore of Walla Walla, W. T. to be Governor of Washington Territory.
Oliver C. White of Daton, W. T., to be Secretary of Washington Territory.

Postmasters: Massachusetts—John E.

Mole, at Adams. Connecticut—Seth Pratt, Litchfield; C. E. Doty, South Norwalk. New York—H. P. Horton, Philmont; T. R. Hoag, Phelps; G. H. Shufelt, Chatham; H. F. Fox, Geneva; H. G. Thomas, Granville; New Jersey—J. M. Sutton, Woodbridge. Alabama—S. A. Pilley, Troy. Georgia— C. G. Wilson, Millidgeville. Illinois—E. S. Hoyt, Griggsville; A. H. Reed, Flora; W. R. Parks, Petersburg. Wisconsin—G. L. Rice, West Superior. Ohio — Daniel Korns, New Philadelphia; J. F. Welch, Nelsonville; G. W. Baker, Athens. Indiana—J. S. Reeves, Union City. Michigan—D. C. Carr, Fowlerville. Nebrasks—J. P. Yost. North Bend. Dakota -J. W. Banburg, Britton The Senate met to-day at 1 o'clock, and

nediately after the reading of the journal went into secret session. The Senate remained in secret session until 2 o'clock and then adjourned until 1 o'clock to-morrow.

A delegation of citizens from South

Washington had an interview with the Commissioners to-day in relation to the removal of the railroad tracks in that part of the city.

Henry A. Willard will next week com-

mence the construction of a block of dwelling-houses on S street. In a letter to the Commissioners to-day he requests that a sewer be run in one of the alleys of square 362.

A number of people connected with the elegraph, telephone and electric light companies operating in the city called on the Commissioners to-day and had interviews regarding the laying of underground wires. It is thought that the work will be commenced about the lat of April.

The Commissioners have executed an experiment of the commissioners have experiment of the commissioners have experiment of the comm

ension of the lease of the District Buildings for one year at a rental of \$3,600. The Commissioners have accepted the proposal of D. Horan to put about 1,000 loads of earth at First street and the

THE ARMY AND NAVY.

Commodore A. E. K. Benham has been ordered to command the navy-yard, Mare Island, Cal. Major Wallace F. Randolph, Third Ar-tillery, inspector of small-arms practice, has been ordered to the Barracks in this city and to Atlanta, Ga., on duty connected with his department.

Second Lieutenant William P. Goodwin of the Fourteenth Infantry has been ordered to Fort Townsend to do duty on a garrison

Captain James O'Harra, Third Artillery; First Lieutenant Charles B. Ewing, and Sergeant Bell and Corporals McCusker and McLearney, at the Washington Barracke, have been ordered to Fort McHenry, Md., as witnesses before a general court-martial.

Cincuit Court, Div. 1—Justice Bing-ham.—Keyser vs. Pickerel; motion to sup-press deposition overruled. White vs. Her-dic Phaton Company; judgment for plaintiff, \$1,000. Lewis vs. Washington & Georgetown Railroad Company; placed on trial.

Trial.

COURT INGENERAL TERM—Justices Hagner and James.—Brown vs. Sanders; opinion Justice Hagner; judgment reversed, without prejudice, and case remanded without direction. F. W. Braudenburg, appointed United States Commissioner and examiner in chancery. W. G. Taliafero; bond approved. bond approved.

Burial Permits Issued. Burial permits have been issued during the past twenty-four hours by the Health

Susannah G. Choate, 75 years; Michael W. Robb, 79 years; Susan Lemon, 59 years; Eliza H. Taylor, 15 years, and the following colored: Rosa S. Powell, 20 years; Katarine Johnson, 1 year; Hosee L. F. Costin, 4 years; John Calvin Madison, 4 years; Henry Bryant, 27 years; Belle Fox, 16 years; Joseph Bean, 37 years.

NEW YORK, March 21 .- Mr. Julia, the Dominican Consul at this port, places no the effect that he has been dismissed. To United Press reporter he said to-day: "Well notwithstanding the reports, I am still consul. I have received no notification of my removal. There is no good reason to turn me out of office and I look upon the reports as idle rumors."

WINTON, N. C., March 21 .- On Tuesday was seen to take one of his children off to the woods and return without it. He then took another child and held it in the fire-literally cooking it alive. He was arrested and search made for the first child. It was discovered some distance the woods its neck broken. It is thought the man is

steamship Plata, from Italian ports, which arrived yesterday with smallpox on board, is still detained at Quarantine. The patients have been removed to the Riverside Hospital.

have filed a bill against Presbrey & Green, asking for an account of the money left by the late E. A. Rollins, and invested by the

The suit for \$80,000, eight years old, of

Rosa Meade, who slid down a cinder pile over in Alexandria and under a Richmond & Danville train, is on trial before Judge Montgomery.

Joyce Held for the Grand Jury. Morgan Joyce, charged with the larceny of \$40 worth of clothing from Mrs. Cor acta Findicy, pleaded guilty in the Police Court this afternoon and was sent to the Grand Jury.

The President Has a Rest. No District delegations called at the White House to-day. Justice Bradley, the newly-appointed Judge, called, and had an interview with the President.

THE SMILE REMAINED. Senator Blair's Visit Must Have Beer

Scuator Blair of New Hampshire was jumping up the stairs leading to the Presi-dent's office this forenoon, his face wreathed with smiles and his general expression indicated good news for some constituent. Near the landing one of his rubber shoes slipped off, and it was only by catching the balustrade that the Senator saved himself a tumble. Picking up the overshoe he stopped long enough to say, "I wonder if it means good or bad luck? However, I'll take chances," and, holding the overshoe in his hand, the New Hampshire Senator passed into the President's office. A few minutes afterward the same smile was observable as the Senator left the White House, so that it is likely no bad result followed the slip of the shoe. pression indicated good news for some con-

LATE DEPARTMENT NEWS.

The board of inspection, of which Commodore Fitzhugh is president, to-day made a favorable report to the Secretary of the Navy on the ship Yorktown. The board Navy on the ship Yorktown. The board reports that the vessel has been completed in accordance with the contract, and is sufficiently strong to bear her weights of every description. Her clean condition and smoothness impressed the board very favorably. If her dynamos were set up and connected, and her battery supplied, she could be put in commission immediately.

Prospective Retirements.

transferred to the retired list on the 25th instant. His retirement will promote each of the following officers one grade: Ensign Quimby, Lieutenant (J. G.) McCarteney, Lieutenant Leutzc, Lieutenant-Commander Bradford, Commander Sampson, Captain Ramsay and Commodore Harmony.

The retirement of Commander Schetky to-morrow will promote each of the follow-ing officers one grade: Lieutenant-Com-mander Converse, Lieutenant Gimore, Lieutenant (J. G.) Beatty and Eusign

Defect in a Contract.

Comptroller Durham has decided in the case of Mr. Hodge, who made a sioners for sweeping alleys, but by an inadvertance the contract was not signed by them, that the Commissioners can sign the contract to take effect as if signed at the proper time.

Courtesies to be Extended.

The Secretary of the Navy has instructed the commanding officers of the United States vessels in Alaskan waters to extend the usual courtesies to the Bishop of Alaska and the Aleutian Islands, who is expected to visit that country soon on a Russian war vessel. A Nautical Visitor From Austria.

The Austrian man-of-war Saida is ex pected to visit Atlantic ports this summer, and commanders of United States vessel and navy-yards have been instructed by the Secretary of the Navy to extend the cus-tomary courtesies. The Amphitrite's Machinery.

The double-turreted monitor, Amphitrite, will soon be removed to one of the navy yards, her machinery having been com-pleted at Wilmington.

The Commissioner of Pensions has been advised that Dr. Joseph R. Kelly was in-dicted by the United States grand jury at Cairo, Ill., on the 16th instant, for making a false claim out of the pension case of Francis M. Mickle. The hearing was de-ferred to the next term of the United States court at Springfield, Ill., in June. Looting Our Consulate.

The State Department has been informed of the particulars of the looting of the American and English Consulates by a Chinese mob in February. General Tyner Sworn In.

General Tyner, Assistant Attorney-General of the Postoffice Department, was sworn into office this morning by Judge

Commissioner of Internal Revenue Mason was sworn into office this morning

The Mt. Vernon Avenue vey the proposed Mt. Vernon avenue.

L. M. Saunders, the real estate man, as sured a CRITIC reporter that the establish-ment of the new B. & O. Station, at New York avenue and Boundary, and the new attention to the vicinity of North Capitol street and New York avenue. A number of street and New York avenue. A number of houses will be erected in that quarter during the coming season, and in the near future a hotel will be built for the accommodation of Western travelers. It is believed to be the intention of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company to bring the main line of their road to that point, and so enter the city on the line of one track, or on First street east, to their present depot on New Jersey avenue. The company have purchased about seventeen acres of the Eckington tract, and propose to establish there all their freight business, in addition to their round-houses and other necessary buildings.

buildings.
Several fine houses have been erected on New York avenue near North Capitol street and some are nearing completion.
Mr. Saunders proposes to put upon the market this spring one-half of the square at corner of New York avenue, North Capitol street, N and O northwest (about 100 lots), and he expects to see several houses built there during the coming season. built there during the coming season. Transfers Recorded.

James Lowndes, trustee, et al. to John S Gittings, sublots 14 and 15, Kalorama

David A. Offutt et al. to Charles A Offutt, all interest in part lots 58 and 493 B. and H.'s addition to Georgetown, \$300. B, and H.'s addition to Georgetown, \$300.

Thomas W. Spratley to Anna M. Turbutt, sublot 17, square 690, \$600.

Farmann J. Shadd to Anna E. Henson, lot 11, section 5, Barry Farm, \$250.

Henry P. Waggaman to John F. Waggaman, one fourth interest in part of "Aaron," \$10.

William W. Metcalf, trustee, et al. to William M. Offley, part lot 13, block 8, Meridian Hill, \$1,200.

Permits were issued to-day by the Building Inspector to the following parties

ing Inspector to the following parties:
James J. Farrell, for the erection of four
brick dwellings at 630, 632, 634 and 636 Second street northeast at a cost of \$10,000,
and to John Moran, for the erection of two
brick dwellings at 914 and 916 Twenty-third
street northwest at a cost of \$11,000.
Henry May also applied for a permit to
build a shed at Rich's wharf, Eighth and
Water streets, at a cost of \$30. Marriage Licenses.

Washington Bailey and Alice V. Taylor; Thomas W. Sutton and Mollie M. Thomas George T. Berkley and Nettie Ballie; Frank H. Pierce and Lenora M. Dalton; Arthu B. Suit and Fannie E. Dennison, Prince George's County, Md.; William Brown and Murtha Taylor; Robert J. Hawkins and Sal-

This is the first day of spring, the day on

which the sun crosses the equator and be-gins the summer solstice, and it is also the day on which we had snow.

LONGER HOURS.

THE ORDER ISSUED BY THE POST MASTER-GENERAL.

During the Pressure of Work Clerks Must Work From 8:30 in the Morning Until 6 o'Clock in the Evening -What is Said at the Depart.

The following order was issued by the estmaster-General this morning: ADDITIONAL HOURS OF LABOR.

POSTOPPICE DEPARTMENT, WASHINGTON, D. C., March 31, 1889.
Order No. 65.—During the unusual pressure of work, and until further ordered, all clerks in the office of the First Assistant Postmaster-General, and such as may be required from the offices of Second Assistant Postmaster - General, the Third Assistant Postmaster - General, the Third Assistant Postmaster - General, Superintendent of Foreign Malls, Superintendent of the Money-Order System, and the topographer, are directed to attend from 8:39 a. m. until 6 o'clock p. m., for the purpose of facilitating the dispatch of applications and preparation of papers for action in the office of Assistant Postmaster-General. And all clerks in the Dead-Letter office are also required to attend from 8:39 a. m. until 6 o'clock p. m., until the work in arrears in that division is brought up.

Mr. Fowler, chief of the Appointment Division in the office of the First Assistant Postmaster-General, will personally direct

Division in the office of the First Assistant
Postmaster-General, will personally direct
the execution of this order in so far as it
relates to the Appointment Division, and
Mr. Hall, superintendent of the Dead-Letter
office, will personally direct the execution
of this order in so far as it relates to the
Dead-Letter office.

JOHN WANAMAKER,
Postmaster-General.

"We had to do the same thing," said Chief Fowler of the Appointment Division, "four years ago at the beginning of the Cleveland administration. It is customary

Chief Fowler of the Appointment Division, "four years ago at the beginning of the Cleveland administration. It is customary at the beginning of every new administration. Four years ago the clerks had to work overtime for three or four months. This year I think we can catch up with about three months' extra work.

"Details for the work are made from each division or bureau, and each clerk does the extra work allotted to him. It is nothing unusual, and the clerks understand it so. When the same necessity existed four years ago I heard but little or no grumbling, and whether the clerks like it or not, it is the only way."

"We expect to make the first detail of clerks for extra work to-morrow," said Chief Clerk Roy to-day, "There are nineteen clerks in the Appointment Division, and though they are able to keep up with the routine work this heavy influx of applications for postofilees is more than they can handle.

"Bo, as the order says, such clerks as are necessary will be detailed from other parts of the office to help take care of these extra applications. We are receiving nearly, if not quite, a thousand a day here in this office. We receive only those addressed to the Postmaster General. Applicants more used to applying and better posted as to the workings of the Department address their applications to the First Assistant Postmaster-General, and we do not receive those letters here. There are about as many more of these lost, or about 1,500 or 2,000 applications for postoffices a day.

"Nearly everybody applying for a postoffice thinks he should address his letter direct to the Postmaster-General and begins 'To be brief' and covers twelve sheets of legal cap.

"The first detail of clerks for extra work to-morrow will consist of twenty. The next day twenty different clerks will be detailed. I do not think that any of the clerks will have to work more than one, or perhaps two nights a week, except those in the First Assistant Postmaster-General's office and the Dead-Letter Office.

"The First Assistant's clerk

office and the Dead-Letter Office.

"The First Assistant's clerks are all familiar with this extra work that has to be done, and they will have to do extra work every night. The Dead-Letter office is behind with its work, and the clerks there

every night. The Dead-Letter office is behind with its work, and the clerks there will have to work extra hours till they catch up with the arrears."

The order a cludes all the clerical employes, everybody, in fact, but the menials, and some of the messengers will have to do extra work, too. It is possible that the prospect of a night or two of extra work every week will be somewhat dampening to the ardor of office-seckers.

Some of them who were about the Department about 2:30 this afternoon, when the orders were taken from the press-room in the cellar and posted up in the various rooms, seemed rather dispirited at the prospect of the positions they had been struggling for being given them before the extra work was caught up with.

It was said among the clerks that three or four applicants who had called to press their claims for places in the Postoffice Department went away without seeing the Postmaster-General, and concluded to try for places in other Departments.

The orders were printed on modest looking little squares of paper, and were regarded with consternation by a considerable number of clerks, who fancied that the entire clerical force would have to be at extra work every day until the applications were acted on.

Naturally enough, the clerks don't like

extra work every day until the applications were acted on.

Naturally enough, the clerks don't like it. The prospect of doing double work for single salary is bewalled on all sides, especially by the female employes.

They are heartily disgruntled at the idea of having to get up and go to work at 8:30 o'clock and working till 6 at night and being two hours late for their dinners.

But they don't say much, these disaffected clerks, or if they do it is to each other and not very loud. The messengers and other employes who are not affected by the order are, of course, not disaffected.

(Cincinnati Commercial-Gazette.) Secretary Endicott was not shoddy. He elonged to the silk-stocking Democracy of Cape Ann and had ancestors "who never ngaged in trade." The experience of genial Iarry Watterson, that wheel-horse of free trade Democracy, sufficiently illustrates how Mr. Endicott's doors were guarded. Not only did Mr. Watterson not gain admission when he called to pay his respects, but the Secretary, after examining his card, told the messenger who brought it that he not only did not know Mr. Watterson, but he had never heard of him. Whereupon the messenger returned, and, after lecturing Mr. Watterson upon the attempt to pass simself off as a friend of the Secretary, ctually ended by ordering him out of the ante-room; and yet for twenty-five years before the discovery of Mr. Endicott Mr. Watterson's name had been a household the great parties of the land.

Female Strikers Beaten New York, March 21 .- The strike of the eather-workers is virtually over. girls admit their defeat. One hundred of the 250 girls who struck in Cohnfield's fac-tory returned to work this morning.

Deputy Recorder Schwartz is confined to his home by a severe attack of rheuma-

arefully as she does the rest of her person

and always has her shoes made on the Span

The Cincinnati Democrats. CINCINNATI, March 21 .- The Democratic

THE PERMIT DENIED.

Why the Spalding Telegraph Company Cannot Lay Its Wires.

Assistant Attorney for the District Davis has sent to the Commissioners an opinion Commissioner Raymond, in regard to under-ground wires. By the act of July 18, 1888. the Commissioners were forbidden to per-mit additional overhead wires after September 15, but were empowered to authorize the wires of any existing telegraph com-pany then operating to be laid under-ground. This authority, however, was not to be exercised after the termination of the

to be exercised after the termination of the Fiftieth Congress.

Mr. Davis says: "Wherever a line of wires now exists overhead I think that the companies may be authorized to transfer that line underground, and if necessary to increase the number of wires. I think that the word 'wires' is used collectively, and not distributively. It means the line of wires taken as a whole, and not the wires individually."

wires taken as a whole, and not the wires individually."

This is the opinion in brief: The Commissioners are authorized to permit the companies to increase the number of their wires in laying them underground along existing routes. But the Commissioners may not authorize the extension of a company's lines of wire into streets. From these views it follows that the application of the Spalding Telegraph Company of Baltimore, which proposes to lay cables from this city to Baltimore and other Eastern cities, must be denied.

A NEGLECTED PATRIOT.

His Letter to the President Has Had

No Response. A Negro, known as Web-Foot Bob-an old fellow who hailed with so demonstra-tive a joy the return of the Repujlican party bed, has now declared himself to be dis gusted with with the administration of Mr.

"Why do you find fault with Mr. Harrison so soon, Bob?" some one asked.

"So soon! Law, man, do you speck er Preserdent got ter be dar two yeah 'fo' he ken git ready ter turn roun'? Lemme tell you de way it is wid me: When I sees er man step up ter er tree wid er axe. I doan mine seein' him chop down de bushes outen his way, but atter he gits dem bushes down I doan want him to step erside an' go to trompin' down briars, but I wants him ter grab crholt o' dat axe an' make de chips fly outen dat tree. Dat man dun been dar plenty long ter do er thing dat he oughter done." on so soon, Bob?" some one asked.

outen dat tree. Dat man dun been dar plenty long ter do er thing dat he oughter done."

"Why sah, I'll tell you whut it wuz: Jes atter de leekshun I wrote ter dat man, an' says I, 'Look yere, I wants ter be 'p'inted de guberment gouger at de Holler Log stillhouse. De white man dat is dar at de present aint no friend o' yourn, an' he afat no jedge o' licker, nohow. Please sen' me de 'p'intment right erway an' I'll make dat white man walk de chalk.' Whut he do?—hab. I say, whut he do?!

"I don't know."

"I does. He didn't do nothin'. White man still kep' on measurin' de licker. I waited nearly two weeks, an' den I wrote ter him ag'in. 'Look yere,' says I, 'you gwine keep on lettin' dis guberment keep on er bein' misrepresented by dat man dat doan know good licker, nohow? Is dat de kinder shines you gwine ter cut on de very doorstep o' yo' ministration? I want dat place, an' please lemme see de scratchin' o' dat pen yit? I has not. Yere, in de celybration o' de 'Publican 'leckshun, I hauld out a feather bed an' burnt it. Dat bed cost me three dollars an' er quarter. 'sides de feathers o' sebral geese dat didn' hab no bizness pokin' roun' my house. Bed wuz wuth money, 'but,' says I, 'come, git offen dis bed, chillun. Gwine take it out in de starlight an' set some 'Publican fre ter it.' Done all dat, sah, an' now look at me. Sleepin' on shucks. Dat white man still settin' dar er straddle er bar'l o' licker. Lemme tell you: I doan mine bein' treated sorter unfa'r, but when I's treated shameful, w'y I snorts, I does—I snorts right dar. I tell you ernuder thing, an' dat's dis yere: Ef dat man doan look out, he gwine make er slip-up—er pium slip-up. I tell you, de ground' mighty slickery whar dat man standin', now. It wa'n't rough 'fo' he tuck his place, but sene den some grease been poured down dar. Michty slick I tell you? "Cons P wa'n't rough 'fo' he tuck his place, but sense den some grease been poured down dar. Mighty slick, I tell you."—[Opie P. Read in Arkansaw Traveler.

John C. New Satisfied. Mr. John C. New told a friend yesterday much prefer to be Consul-General to London than to occupy a purely diplomatic po sition, because he was not ambitious to wear the frills of a diplomatist, and did not know how he was going to get along without anything to do. "I need the money, too," he said. "The Consul-Generalship to too," he said. "The Consul-Generalship to London pays from \$15,000 to \$20,000 a year and there are no social obligations attached to the office. There is business enough to keep a man from getting lonesome, but not enough to worry him, whereas at Vienna the salary is \$12,500 a year, all of which I shall have to spend in keeping up style and entertaining the court, and there is hardly any business to occupy my mind. But my family prefer to go to Vienna."

While Ferdinand Mutter, a milkman living on Lyons avenue, Irvington, N. J. was away from home yesterday serving his customers, and the older children were at school, Joseph Salzmann, a farm hand, school, Joseph Salzmann, a farm hand, bound the three younger children and threw them into a hay-loft. He then attempted an outrageous assault upon Mrs. Mutter, but falling in that he knocked her insensible. Mrs. Mutter recovered consciousness, endeavored to make her escape, but was seen by Salzmann, and again knocked down and savagely beaten. Salzmann then fled. One of the children gave the alarm, and physicians were summoned. Mrs. Mutter is not expected to survive. Salzmann arrived at Castle Garden from Switzerland November 1.

Mr. Mahoney Better Ex-Congressman Mahoney of Brooklyn, who is lying seriously ill at the Arlington Hotel, was somewhat improved to-day. His condition, however, is still very critical. His trouble is from fatty degeneration of the heart. Mrs. Mahoney has been with her husband during his illnes. He was taken sick about three weeks ago with oblide and forces of the still and forces.

Rough on the Sound. NEW LONDON, CONN., March 21.-The steamer Old Colony of the Fall River Line, which left New York last evening, was obliged to put back to this place for fiarbor, anchoring at 9 this morning. The steamer will proceed as soon as the weather mod-

NEW YORK, March 21.-Robert Sigel, the ension office clerk who was convicted of forging checks, was sentenced to-day by Judge Benedict, in the United States Cir-cuit Court, to six years in the Eric Penl-

St. Petersbung, March 21.—The Russlan Government has under consideration the proposition to approriate the sum of 120,-000,000 roubles for increasing their naval

Nothing is more amusing than to make conun-drums. The Curric will print all good ones sent in and affers a prize for the best lot. See what is said under the head of "A Prize Commo-drum Contect."

R. B. Lewis, counsel for Albert Green,

now under sentence of death for the mur-

NIPPED IN THE BUD. How a First-Class Social Sensation Was

There was a sensation nipped in the bud this morning at the Baltimore and Potomac station. An elopement had been agreed upon, and two young people, prominent in social circles, were to act the leading roles.
A coterie of friends were present, but there was a suspicious absence of parentage. No one anticipated a disappointment, and the failure of one of the contracting parties to put in an appearance caused a tremendous

amount of comment.

The young lady, a graduate of Wells' College, at the request of her lover, and stimulated by the opposition of her parents, prepared to emulate the example of Miss Fuller, whereby she could jump into newspaper notoriety and also into the arms of her prospective husband, but a hitch in the proceedings destined her to adorn the ranks of maidenhood for an indefinite period.

adorn the ranks of maidenhood for an indefinite period.

Seated in the ladies' waiting-room of the
station, surrounded by a number of young
lady friends, was a form that could not be
called fragile, yet was not too robust.

Nature had rounded into charming symmetry the delicate lines of her figure; not
too small, yet not so tall but she was forced
to lift her eyes to the one with whom she
conversed; a nicely-poised head crowned
with a profusion of golden flufflness which
glistened in the sunlight and caught each
heart as it flashed. The saucy Psyche knot,
in which the reluctant tresses were imprisoned, gave a piquancy to her appearance which was observable to all onlookers.

An expectant look was in her eyes as the

An expectant look was in her eyes as the swinging doors of the B-street entrance opened and closed. The time for the departure of the train arrived. The usher came in and announced "Train for Baltimore." Miss — arose, after a moment's conversation with her friends, went to the door and exact anyiously we and door the door and gazed anxiously up and down the

door and gazed anxiously up and down the street.

The man who was to pre-empt her future happiness did not appear. She returned to her friends. A hurried consultation was held. A tour of the station was made, but the groom failed to materialize. A wait of thirty minutes resulted in the same disappointment, and the maidens left the depot and are now gunning for the recalcitrant youth.

A scusation is promised in a few days.

A sensation is promised in a few days. THE BRITISH PROGRAMME,

The Result of a Conference Among the

Leaders. LONDON, March 21 .- The Queen sent for Lord Salisbury before she left England and desired him to enlighten her fully on the political prospect. The Marquis of Salis-bury Informed Her Majesty that she might rest assured there would be no crisis for some years to come, as he was fully pre-pared to prolong the existence of the present Parliament to the latest period, and in point of fact, dissolution might be expected to take place in July, 1893.

to take place in July, 1803.

I have good reason to believe that there is a secret understanding between Lord Salisbury and the Marquis of Hartington that this Parliament shall simply expire from inantition. It is quite reasonable that the Unionist leader should desire this arrangement, for he is perfectly aware that at the next election his followers will be driven from their seats like the chaff before the wind.

if the Ministers had one shred of honor If the Ministers had one shred of honor, they would at once dissolve and give the country an opportunity to express an opinion upon conduct so disgraceful. But instead of this, they actually glory in having placed the magistrate and the police at the disposal of the Times in its endeavor to prove its charges against the Irish members.

A Prominent Cotton Man Dead. NEW YORK, March 21. - Business was alnost suspended at the Cotton Exchange to-day, in consequence of the news of the sudden death of William Woodward, jr., one of the most prominent members. Mr. Woodward was about 54 years of age. He resided at 11 West Fifty-first street, and started last night to visit his brother, James T. Woodward, who resides on Twenty-eighth street. He took a Fourth avenue car, and had not proceeded far down town when he was stricken suddenly by apoplexy and died in a few minutes. He had large interests in

nan named Thomas Barnes, aged about the road at New Lexington, twelve miles from this place. His death was caused by a pistol shot through the head. He was a defendant in a suit for bastardy brought by Miss Josle Snyder of this county. He had been threatened of late. No clue has been obtained of the murder, and the crime is thus far involved in mystery. is thus far involved in mystery.

A 17-Year-Old Fratricide. GREENVILLE, TEXAS, March 21 .- John Giddens was shot and killed yesterday by his son, McGangle Giddens, a boy of 17. The boy had frequently asked his father for a pistol, but had been refused. He sefor a pistol, but had been retused. He se-cured possession of a weapon, and while playing with it was discovered by Mr. Gid-dens, who asked for an explanation, and this so angered the boy that he turned the weapon on his father, shooting him through the breast.

Boston, March 21.—Jack McAuliffe, who s visiting friends here, informs the Herald hat he cannot fight Daly for less than \$3, 500 a side. Daly, he says, is unable to get backing for that amount, and the sum he names, \$1,000 a side, is out of the question. McAulife's original offer stands and he will fight Daly in six weeks for the stake he has named and not for less.

Evictions in County Donegal. DUBLIN, March 21 .- A number of evis today. A large crowd of sympathizers with the tenants were present, but they were overawed by the presence of a strong force of police and military and made no attempt to interfere. Fully 300 police and subtless stronged the evidence.

QUEENSTOWN, March 21 .- The Guion line teamer Wyoming, from New York for Liverpool, has arrived here. SOUTHAMPTON, March 2L.—Arriv Lahn, from New York, and proceeded Bremen; average speed, 18,23 knots. Mrs. Langtry Improving.

New York, March 21 .- Mrs. Langtry ha now fully recovered from her recent illness, and if the weather is propitious will leave Philadelphia in her special car to morrow. On Monday she expects to appear at the Walnut-street Theatre. Overrun With Applications Indianapolis, Ind., March 21.—The new postmaster at Indianapolis, who was nomi-

nated less than a week ago, has received nearly 1,500 applications for positions. An average of 200 petitions a day have been filed. Combination of Paper Makers. LONDON, March 31 .- Fourteen of the

have formed a syndicate for the purpose of raising the prices of paper. They represent a capital of \$10,000,000. Paris, March 21—2 p. m.—The Bank of Paris has declared a dividend of forty francs

A SUDDEN FREAK

WHAT WAS THE CAUSE OF MISS FULLER'S ACT.

Her Mother's View of the Case. She is Contented to Accept the Situation Gracefully and Welcome Home the Young Couple... Miss Paulina's Dis-

CHICAGO, March 21.—The Tribune has received from Washington an interview which its correspondent obtained with Mrs. Fuller last evening regarding her daughter's recent runaway marriage to Mr. Aubery of this city. Mrs. Fuller said: "I have received no word from my

daughter. The first I heard of it was at midday. I had driven Mr. Fuller to the Capitol a little before noon, and then gone to do some shopping. Five minutes after I left him he was told by a member of the press of his daughter's marriage in Milwau kee. He sent a messenger after me, went on the Bench, and I did not see him until 4 o'clock, when I drove for him to the Capitol as usual. I did not believe it at first, but when I saw my husband again I found it

o'clock, when I drove for him to the Capitol as usual. I did not believe it at first, but when I saw my husband again I found it was true."

"Had there been any opposition, Mrs. Fuller?" was asked.

"None, because the Chief Justice and myself knew nothing of the affair. I have seen the young man two or three times. He called with other young people at my house in Chicago, but I never knew that Paulina considered him more than an acquaintance. There is where neither my husband nor myself can understand the case. There was no opposition. Paulina had nothing to fear in the way of restraint and there was no need of an elopement."

"It may have been that Miss Paulina feared that there might be opposition if you knew of her wish to marry?"

"That could hardly be. She has never had any cause to fear sternness in her parents. The relations between her father and herself have always been most cordial and even confidential. She was known among all her father's friends as her father's favorite child. Middle-aged people liked her for that reason, and looked upon her as nothing but a child, and she was a pet with all our Chicago friends. Her father's love to her was due to her delicate health. Very ill twice with typhold fever, she was near to our hearts, owing to this delicate constitution. She was not placed in school after she left the grammar school, but had governesses at home. Two years ago she was sent to Wells College with Mildred. She stayed just two weeks, homesick for her father, and we never sent her away again. I have just returned from Wells College, where I have been visiting Mildred for ten days. She has not been well. When there the principal told me that Paulina had a bright mind and would have made a good student, but she was willing to let her go home when she saw how heartbroken she was at leaving her father."

"Have any of your daughters ever received any intimation of Miss Paulina's intended marriage?"

"They knew no more of it than I. She is a favorite with her sisters, and was on es-

ceived any intimation of Miss Paulina's intended marriage?"

"They knew no more of it than I. She is a favorite with her sisters, and was on especially intimate terms with her next older sister, Mildred. She had told her nothing, My daughters are confidential with me. Having so many daughters, the secrets are all open secrets. We have lived an especially cordial life. For that reason I think Paulina did not know a day before that she would take the step. I think it was just the frenzy of a moment. It was not premeditated, She had no such thought when she went to Chicago. She is as innocent as a child, and could not determine to deceive."

"Did Mr. Aubery have sisters with whom "Did Mr. Aubery have sisters with whom your daughter was jutimate?"
"Not that I know of. No one of his family ever called at my house, although they lived quite near. It was some strong influence. I acknowledge that if she loved him he would have strong enough influence to lead her to the step, but I cannot help thinking that some way, through his friends, the affair was presented to her in such a light that it did not seem decelt."

"People in Milwaukee, where they have lived, say that Mr. Aubery's parents are of excellent standing."

"That is doubtless true. I have never met them, but it only shows more than ever the absolute needlessness of such a step. People can see from the attitude of both families that there is not the slighest sensationalism about the affair. It was a quiet wedding and should have taken place in my own home."

After a little pause Mrs. Fuller added: "She has sent me no word, but she knows her mother's love is the same. I suffer only for what she suffers. No matter what her happiness in life, if she lives to three score and ten, she will always feel remorse, for she is a conscientious girl. Her father's sorrow or mine are nothing, only as we think of what she must suffer for this hasty step. But," added Mrs. Fuller, with a laugh that was half a sob, "Mr. Fuller and I agree that we are nineteenth century parents and can do nothing."

PURCELL, I. T., March 21.—Congressman C. H. Mansur of Chillicothe, Mo., ad homa settlers at Purcell yesterday. Hi speech was an able argument for the

speech was an able argument for the prompt opening of the territory, and was received with great enthusiasm. When Congressman Mansur referred to the President's proclamation for the opening of the territory there was deafening applause. The speaker urged peace and obedience to the President's proclamation. The would-be settlers are daily increasing in numbers and show a determined spirit. A Storm on the Bay. BALTIMORE, MD., March 21.—A furious storm raged on Chesapeake Bay Tuesday night and yesterday, and it is reported several oyster pungies have been wreeked.

The steamer Georgia, of the Old Bay Line, was compelled to put back to Norfolk on account of the storm. The York River steamer, Baltimore, could not land at York-town. The sea swept clear over her upper deck, and her passengers were terribly frightened. She managed to reach Baltimore without serious damage, however. CHICAGO, March 21 .- A Tribune specia from Marquette, Mich., says: The collapse quent terrible break in the stock of the Calumet and Heela are the chief topics up here. It is believed that there are many large holders of the stock in this peninsula, and hundreds of smaller holders who are getting hurt. If the decline keeps on at the present rate, Michigan's millionaires will be scarce.

A Fire at Elmira ELMIRA, N. Y., March 21-E. B. Gardner' beer bottling establishment here was burned at an early hour this morning. Loss, \$30,-000; nearly covered by insurance. Mrs. Gardner was partially suffocated and is in a critical condition.

JACKSON, MICH., March 21.—Ex-Governor Austin Blair's condition was much

Austrian Consul at New York. Vienna, March 21.—Herr Palitschak has been appointed Austrian Consul at N York to succeed the late Hugo Fritsch.

DUBLIN, March 21 .- The Marchioness of

Earthquake in Smyrna. Smyrna, March 21.—A shock of earth-

CANNOT DISCRIMINATE.

The Functions and Duties of the Chicago Board of Trade,
OTTAWA, ONT., March 21.—The Suprem rehearing in the New York and Chicag-Grain and Stock Exchange vs. the Board of

Trade, but modified their former opinion. In the modification it is said: In the modification it is said:

"We do not wish to be understood as holding that the Board of Trade is bound by law to continue the business of collecting and furnishing to the public market quotations or that it may not voluntarily abandon such business, but we hold that so long as it continues to carry it, either directly or indirectly, it must do so without unjust discrimination as to persons, and must furnish market quotations to all who may desire to obtain them for lawful purposes, and upon the same terms."

The remanding order is also changed as

The remanding order is also changed so that instead of the case being sent back with the specific directions to enter decree as prayed in the bill it is remanded for fur-ther proceedings in the trial court, with leave to either party to take such further testimony as they may be advised.

A FIENDISH ATTEMPT. Great Excitement in Tennessee Over

Desperado's Crime. CHATTANOOGA, TENN., March 31.-Ther. is great excitement in Roane County, this State, over a fiendish attempt at murder. Monday evening last Jim Cooley, a noted desperado, went to the house of Mack Brown, in a lone district, and told him that, if he would come out, he would riddle him with bullets, adding that, if he did not, he would "dynamite" him. Brown did not

come out and Cooley threw four or five dynamite cartridges on the roof of the dynamite cartridges on the roof of the house.

They exploded with terrific force, nearly demolishing the house, injuring Mrs. Brown. Cooley was arrested Tuesday, but he swore he would kill the first man who testified against him. When he was taken before a magistrate, he immediately drew a pistol on the first witness on the stand. He was shot in the head by a deputy sheriff, the bullet cutting the scalp, but not injuring the skull. He was found guilty, but was admitted to bail by the terror-stricken magistrate. It turned out to be straw bond, and he finally escaped into North Carolina. A reward is offered for his arrest and he will probably be lynched if captured.

HEAVY LIABILITIES.

The Securities of a Connecticut Bank, ing Firm Said to Be Valueless. NEW YORK, March 21 .- A Hartford Conn., special says: E. D. Robinson started in business here five years ago and did a large business on farm loans, making nearly \$2,000,000. About two years ago they

\$2,000,000. About two years ago they secured a charter under the name of the Hartford Investment Company and issued a series of debentures. About a week ago they left this city for Wichita, Kan., claiming that the move was made for the purpose of reducing expenses. It has since transpired that the interest due March 1 on their bonds has not been paid.

The officers of the firm are at Wichita, but their representatives here claim that they have assets enough to cover all claims and interest on the bonds will be paid when money due their concern can be collected. Their liabilities are \$243,000. The assets, in the last bank commissioners' report, are said to be grossly overestimated, as \$57,000 worth of stock, alleged to be owned, by them in this report, is said to be valueress. A Desperate Duel Between Girls. Los Angeles, CAL., March 21 .- A brutal

fight occurred last night in a suburban sporting resort, the chief attraction of which is several young Japenese girls, recently imported, who speak no English cently imported, who speak no English. For some cause two of the girls became involved in a duel with short-bladed Japanese swords. They attacked each other, and the spectators made no attempt to interfere. Each proved skillful with their weapons, and both were soon dripping with blood from numerous cuts. The affair would certainly have ended in the death of one or both of the girls had not the clash of steel attracted a passing policeman, who entered the place and stopped the fight.

SACRAMENTO, CAL., March 21.-The Bee, referring to the adjournment of the State Legislature, says the session has developed more brazen rascality and shameless disregard of principles on the part of members than have ever before disgraced a Legislature. Any vile measure, with money at its back, could be assured of a numerous contingency of voters. The Bee characterizes the last hours of the session as the most shameless on legislative record. The underground restaurant, with its private rooms, was made the scene of outrageous debauchery, the unorar completely drown-

lebauchery, the uproar completely drown ing the proceedings in the legislative cham

Los Angeles, Cal., March 21 .- Mr. C. Huntington of Southern Pacific Rail-April of the Southern Pacific Road, several important measures will be discussed Important measures will be discussed.

Among them the extension of the company's lines into Durango, Mexico; the establishment of a line of steamers between some Atlantic or Gulf point and Brazil, and the completion of various branch lines in this State. Mr. Huntington also said there was not the slightest foundation for the report that he contemplated purchasing the control of the Atchison system.

R. Hesten Dulant, the well-known Vir dula stock raiser, is at the American House

S. D. Liony, Harrisburg; Robert H. Hard-ng, New York, and F. J. Durham, Norfolk, va., are at the Howard House. A. R. Hanv and W. H. English, New York; Joseph T. Speer, Phitsburg, and R. A. Cos-tello, Duluth, Minn, are at the Arlington, W. W. Jonesson, Baltimore; W. A. Halmes, New York; John P. Haines, New Jer-sey, and Hamilton Dieston, Philadelphia, are J. NEWTON VOORHEIS, New Jersey; W. Vickers and wife, York, England; A. Simpson, Chicago, and R. Beynolds, New York, are at the Harris House.

are at the Harris House.

R. G. McCenn, New York, and Mr. and Mrs. M. V. B. Edgerly and daughter. Springfield, Mass., and G. A. Van Alstrand, Newburg, N. Y., are at the Arno.
Geology Griens, 7a., North Carolina; Thomas A. Raymond, New York; T. L. stoddard, St. Louis, Mo., and Hob. Sydney E. Mudd, St. Louis, are at the St. James, Feark Reeder, Eds., and W. P. C. Donald, Chiergo; Hobert Irwin, New York, Frank S. Manten, Providence, R. I., and W. P. Stratus and wife, Chelinnath, are at Willard's. Geogas D. Rexus, Philladelphia; J. K. Geogas D. Rexus, Philladelphia; J. K. us and wife, Cincinnati, are at Willard's.
Geosof D. Resve, Philadelphia: J. K.
Macmardo and C. F. Taylor, Richmond, Va.;
A. Burt, Chattanogra, Tenn.; Joseph Richardson, Jacksonville, Pla., and C. K. Woodburn,
New York, are at the Metropolitan.
J. B. Owuss and Harry O. Phillips, New
York, W. B. McCreery, Michigan; B. F.
Riley, Chicago; Hon. John W. Mason,
Grafton, W. Va.; H. M. Cannon, North Carolina, and Frank H. Hall, Boston, are registered at the National.
Granger H. Daxruts, Chicago; James E.

IN LITTLE RHODY.

REPUBLICAN CONVENTION AT PROVIDENCE TO-DAY.

Royal Taft Nominated for Governor, but Declines and General William D. G. Littlefield for Lieutenant-

PROVIDENCE, R. L. March 21 .- The Reoublican State Convention met in Music Hall this morning. A full list of the representatives of the towns were present and the temporary organization was made per-

On call for nominations for Governor, Sovernor Royal C. Taft was nominated

amid great applause.

Governor Taft spoke of his inability to express his thanks for the honor, but de-clared that he could not change his mind from the decision reached by him some time ago not to accept the honor again, office, he said, required sacrifices which he could no longer make.

which he could no longer make.

On another call for nominations, General William Ames nominated for Governor Herbert W. Ladd of Providence, and he was unanimously indorsed by the convention.

Hon. Enos W. Lapham was nominated for Lieutenant-Governor, but the nomination was declined through Delegate Emerson.

con.

Daniel G. Littlefield was then nominated.
The rest of last year's ticket was then renominated, viz. For Secretary of State, Samuel H. Cross; for Treasurer, Samuel Clark; for Attorney-General, Horatio Rogers. A committee, composed of three delegates from Providence and two from each of the other counties, was appointed on resolutions.

A New Mode of Procedure.

DUBUQUE, Iowa, March 2L .- A new proeeding was entered in the United States Court yesterday to secure the forfeiture of the franchise of the Commercial National Bank of this city. The petition charges that the concern violated the law prohibitper cent, of the capital stock to one person, and that the bank made a false statement to the Comptroller of Currency in regard to its liabilities. The demurrer of the bank stockholders was overruled by Judge Shiras.

SEATTLE, W. T., March 21.—George R. Cariton, bookkeeper for Smith Bros. & Co., ent a note to the firm on Monday, together with the safe keys, saying that he was ill and would not be down that day. Inquiry was made at Carlton's lodgings and it was learned that he had left the city. An examination of the books showed that Carlton was an embezzler to the amount of \$20,000. Carlton had been in Smith Bros.

employ but a year. New York, March 21.—George L. Rives, formerly Assistant Secretary of State, and Mrs. Sallie Whiting Belmont were married in this city yesterday. The only witnesses in this city yesterday. The only witnesses were several relatives. The bride was formerly the wife of Oliver H. Belmont, son of August Belmont, from whom she obtained a "Newport divorce" in 1886. This was also Mr. Rives' second marriage. His wife died in 1877. Mr. Rives is a cousin of Mrs. Amelie Rives-Chanler.

The Copper Product Tied Up. been received by the copper producers of Butte that the syndicate would not receive any more copper for the next sixty days, and under the existing contract they are not allowed to throw any of their product on the market. The Anaconda, Butte & Boston, Boston & Montana, Clark's Smelter and Colorado will all continue to produce and hold the copper.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

NEW MORK, March 21.-1:30 p. m .-Money, 2 per cent. Exchange steady; post-ed rates, 4861@4891; actual rates, 486@ Governments quiet; currency 6s, 120 bid; 4s, coupon, 129‡ bid; 4½s, do., 107Z

bid: 4s, coupon, 129‡ bid; 4½s, do., 1072 bid.

The stock market opened firm, and during the first half hour there was a good duying of Chicago gas stock, under which the whole list advanced ½ to 1½ per cent,, but most of this advance was lost before noon. Burlington and Quincy was especially weak, declining 1½ per cent. At this writing the market is dull and fregular. regular.
The New York Stocks.

The following are the prices of the New York and Chicago markets as reported by special wire to C. T. Havenner & Co., 621 F street northwest: Can. Pacific.
Can. South, 523 53 Orasha... 303 314
Cen. Pacific.
D. L. & W. 1383 1303 P.M. S.S... 364 36
Del. & Hud. 132 132 Reading... 447 451
Eric... 277 278 R. &W. Pt. 251 255
Jersey Cen. 944 95 do. pfd. 707 708
L. & N... 604 604 St. Paul... 624 624
L. S... 1002 1014 Tex. Pac... 19 19
M. K. & T... Union Pac... 632 632
Mo. Pac... 684 684 W. Union... 848 842
N. Y. & N. E. 444 444 Petroleum... 914 914
N. Y. Cen... 1064 107 Am. Cot 8'd 535 566
N. Pac... 254 26 Atch & Top. 465 465
do. pfd. 591 604 Chi... B & Q. 955 354

902 May ... 12 30 12 20 941 June ... 12 37 12 25 861 July ... 12 30 12 30 LARD. 352 May ... 6 921 6 921 353 June ... 6 90 6 90 36 July ... 7 072 6 971 254 254 25

Miscellaneous Bonds—W. & G. R. R. Co., 198; Masonic Hall Ass'n, 196; Wash. Market Co., 119; Wash. Light Infantry, 1st, 192; Wash. Light Infantry, 2d, 65; Wash. Gas Light Co., 122; Wash. Gas Serip, 123. National Bank Stocks—Bank of Wash., 315; Bank of Republic, 181; Metropolitan, 225; Central, 210; Second, 150‡; Farmers and Mechanics', 165; Citizens', 125; Columbia, 128.

Washington Stock Exchange.

ia, 128.
Railroad Stocks—Washington & George-own, 227; Metropolitan, 111; Columbia, 27; ap. & North O st., 375.
Insurance Stocks—Firemen's, 40‡; Frank-n, 41; Metropolitan, 75; National Union, 92; Arlington, 169; Corcoran, 61; Columbia 3‡; German-American, —; Potomac, 87; ligrs, 84.

Riggs, Sk. Gas and Electric Light Stocks—Wash-ington Gas, 41k; Georgetown Gas, 45; U. S. Electric Light 67. Telephone Stocks—Chesapeake & Poto-ac, 804.

mac, S03.

Miscellaneous Stocks—Washington Market Co., 17; Washington Brick Machina Co., 210; National Press Brick Co., —; Great Falls Ice Co., 153; Bull Run Panorama Co., 24; Real Estate Title Insurance Co., 1104; National Safe Deposit Co., 235; American Graphophone Co., —; Columbia Title Insurance Company, 53.

Local Weather Indications. Rain or snow, followed Friday by fair: stationary temperature; northwes